

BLOODY WORK IN SPAIN.

Anarchists and Strikers Precipitate Revolution in Barcelona.

Barcelona, Feb. 20.—The strikers today murdered three workmen who wished to resume work. The proprietor of a bakery who raised the price of bread was also killed.

It is hourly appearing that anarchists are the prime movers in the incipient revolution. The markets are without provisions and the strikers are preventing the slaughter of animals.

Additional reinforcements of troops are arriving here.

A mob stormed the arsenal at Sabadell, not far from Barcelona and received 46 rifles, but they were subsequently recovered by the troops.

Most of the ships in this harbor have been forced to leave without discharging their cargoes.

Incendiary posters have appeared here which threaten the orderly classes with terrible reprisals, saying that dynamite will be used to offset the Manners of the troops.

The strikers are looting numerous shops and private houses.

The best known anarchists have disappeared and the authorities are hunting for them.

The railroad officials have announced the suspension of service on the lines owing to the attacks which the rioters have made on the trains.

Trade unions throughout Spain have declared their adherence to the cause of Barcelona strikers.

The foreign consuls here had a meeting this afternoon.

ARTILLERY USED ON THE RIOTERS.

London, Feb. 20.—A message to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Barcelona via Perpignan, France, says a fierce battle has been fought between the troops and the rioters in the suburbs of Barcelona known as Sano. Before the engagement the cavalry and infantry had been posted at the most dangerous points and a field battery had been located on the plaza, from which vantage point the guns could sweep the surrounding streets.

When the final clash with the troops occurred, continued the dispatch, the artillery was brought into action and raked street after street. The rioters engaged the batteries at close range, but were finally driven off. It is reported that 300 persons were killed and wounded on both sides. The entire neighborhood was wrecked by the shells. The ruins caught fire and this completed the destruction.

Further fighting is reported at Mataro, 15 miles from Barcelona, where a quantity of arms have been destroyed. Fighting is also reported at Tortosa and Saragossa, respectively 100 and 50 miles southwest of Barcelona.

Madrid, Feb. 20.—Premier Sagasta is preparing a decree establishing martial law throughout Spain. The signature of the decree, it is believed, will be followed by an extreme national crisis.

Barcelona, February 19.—Two additional regiments of cavalry arrived here today, and the city now bristles with bayonets. Troops are incessantly patrolling the streets, occasionally charging and dispersing mobs. Shots were exchanged on the Grand Via. The rioters erected barricades in one of the suburbs and the troops carried them at the point of the bayonet. The casualty list is heightened by every conflict. Industrial and commercial life in Barcelona is paralyzed. No goods arrived here yesterday and there is great scarcity of meat, bread and other food stuffs. The university and all the schools are closed. The leaders of the workmen's committees have been arrested and the meeting places have been closed.

Weyler Taking a Hand in Suppressing Riots—Conflicts Continue.

Madrid, Feb. 21.—Official dispatches received here assert that calm has been restored at Barcelona, Saragossa and Valencia, but newspaper telegrams report that the situation is still serious.

The rioters at Barcelona are devoting their energies to preventing food supplies from entering the town. In one such case the troops escorting a convoy were obliged to fire on the rioters, several of whom were killed or wounded.

A serious conflict also occurred today in the center of the town. Revolutionary proclamations are still being circulated there.

Gen. Weyler, the minister of war announced in the chamber of deputies today that he had decided upon energetic steps to suppress the disorders, but that some of the news sent by correspondents was exaggerated. Senor Moucheta, manager of the Diario de Barcelona, who arrived from Barcelona this morning, spoke in defense of the correspondents who, he said, always told the truth while the government deceived the queen and the country. Senor Moucheta said he considered that the publication of false news should be punished by a court martial and declared Barcelona to be in a state of continued alarm.

Senor Gonzales denied that the censor had stopped telegrams describing the situation at Barcelona.

Madrid, Feb. 21.—The premier, Senor Sagasta, announced today that the chambers will not be prorogued unless the opposition obstructs the government's action by continually raising debates on the present labor troubles in Spain. Ten anarchists have been arrested here and others are under surveillance. The working people of Madrid remain quiet.

London, Feb. 21.—It is announced in a special dispatch from Madrid that Gen. Weyler, the war minister is urging the queen regent to give him a free hand in dealing with the rebels in Catalonia and that Premier Sagasta threatens to resign if Gen. Weyler's request is granted. The queen is said to favor Gen. Weyler's plan.

Dr. Evans, Secretary of the State Board of Health, says that he has more small pox on hand in the State now than ever before since it became epidemic. He has sent thousands of points for vaccination to Chester and other infected centers.

Gold and Copper in Africa.

London, February 19.—Reports from two experts have been received in London from different parts of Africa, which, if borne out later by developments, are likely to have an important influence on the world's gold and copper supply. One of the reports comes from Assinie, on the French ivory coast, and says that a reef of quartz gold, eight feet wide and panning from two to eight ounces, has been opened on the ivory coast.

From North Rhodesia the British Chatered South Africa Company has received news of the discovery of a copper field estimated at forty square miles. The field is situated 150 miles north of Victoria Falls and runs thence to the Congo Free State. In the ancient mines dug by the natives and reopened by the engineers in the employ of the chartered company copper assaying 44 per cent is now being secured, besides a large percentage of silver. So much importance does the chartered company attach to this discovery that the Cape to Cairo Railroad will be diverted in order to pass through the copper field. Work on this section of the road has been ordered accelerated and it is expected that it will be completed early in 1903.

Tragedy in a Mexican Bank.

Mexico City, February 20.—A daring and foolhardy attempt was made today to rob the London and Mexico Bank, one of the strongest financial organizations in the City of Mexico, by an unknown robber, who after killing the cashier and seeing that he would be captured, blew his own brains out. At an hour when business was slack and when none of the employees were in the bank the robber entered the room and, unobserved, made his way to the vault. He covered the cashier with a pistol and demanded that he give up the money in his custody. Upon the cashier's refusal the robber fired, the bullet striking the cashier in the head, killing him instantly. Other employees made a rush for the robber, who fired three shots at them without effect, and, as the men continued to advance and seeing that his capture was inevitable, the robber turned his pistol on himself and sent a bullet through his brain, dying instantly in the bank.

The dead robber had no papers or any article on his body that would serve to identify him, other than that he was an American. He was well-dressed in a tailor-made suit, wore a full beard, well trimmed, and was about 45 years of age. His general appearance was that of a well-to-do business man.

STATE INSURANCE.

Since the system of State insurance of public buildings was put in operation there have been no losses. But one has come at last. The burning of the roof from the court house at Newberry is the first loss sustained, and it is believed that it will not exceed \$300 or \$400. The amount of premiums paid into the State insurance fund to date is about \$4,000. The Newberry loss will be adjusted in a few days.—The State.

Flowers at the Charleston Exposition.

While portions of our country still tremble in the icy chills of snow and ice, this favored land is putting on her spring garb. Much attention has been paid by the management to the beautification of the Exposition grounds with flowers and shrubs. Already the pansies are blooming, the roses have a new green dress, the rhododendrons are budding, and the open spaces between the flower beds and about the whole great grounds are covered with green grass and grain.

The center of the race course oval is a thing of beauty, with its rich coating of waving oats—a goodly sight for eyes wearied with the bare grounds and icy fields of more northern latitudes. The live oaks are evergreen, like the palms and palmettoes, and the tout ensemble is that of April, not February.

The Last Heard of It.

"My little boy took the croup one night and soon grew so bad you could hear him breathe all over the house," says F. D. Reynolds, Mansfield, O. "We feared he would die, but a few doses of One Minute Cough Cure quickly relieved him and he went to sleep. That's the last we heard of the croup. Now isn't a cough cure like that valuable?" One Minute Cough Cure is absolutely safe and acts immediately. For coughs, colds, croup, grip, bronchitis and all other throat and lung troubles it is a certain cure. Very pleasant to take. The little ones like it. J. S. HUGHSON & Co.

There is a great big row brewing in Carolina politics—over the statement that the congressional delegates from that state have undertaken to elect the next United States senator.—Augusta Chronicle.

A British Disaster.

London, February 20.—A detachment of the Scots Greys (2d Dragoons), one of Great Britain's crack dragoon regiments, has been cut up by the Boers at Klipdam. Major C. W. M. Fielden and Capt. E. Ussher were severely wounded, two men were killed, six were wounded and forty-six were captured. The news was received this morning from Lord Kitchener in a dispatch, dated Pretoria, Wednesday, February 19. The Scots Greys formed part of Gen. Gilbert Hamilton's column. The latter, while moving on Nigel, February 18, engaged a force of Boers at Klipdam. The Scots Greys became detached, were surrounded and cut off. Gen. Hamilton was unable to dislodge the Boers from their position, so he continued his march toward Nigel. The Boers released the Scots Greys who had been made prisoners.

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ON CARPET-BAGGERS.

Debate on Philippine Tariff Friday Was Interesting—Spooner Defends Government Policy.

Washington, Feb. 21.—For more than six hours today the senate had the Philippine tariff bill under discussion. Mr. Bate, Democrat of Tennessee, delivered a carefully prepared speech in opposition to the pending measure. He was followed by Mr. Spooner, Republican of Wisconsin, in a brilliant defense of the Republican attitude toward the Philippine islands. He became involved frequently in heated colloquies with members of the minority. He concluded with an appeal to congress to stand by the policies of McKinley and Roosevelt. Mr. Tillman, Democrat of South Carolina, began a characteristic arraignment of the administration in the Philippines, but had not concluded when the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

Mr. Bate asserted that the payment of \$20,000,000 for the Philippine islands was a commercial rather than a sentimental transaction, and was the first step toward a colonial policy antagonistic to the American form of government.

He said he regarded the 'acquisition of the Philippine Islands as a burden to the American system, as destitute of benefit to the American people and as wrongful to the Filipinos, the present was not the time to continue that discussion or to propose a remedy for the evils that had sprung from the ratification of the Paris treaty. Mr. Spooner of Wisconsin then addressed the senate in support of the pending bill. The measure, he said, was entirely free from complications. It was simply a revenue bill. Whatever difficulties senators or others had in reconciling the difficulties of the supreme court's decisions in the consular cases, he was satisfied that the proposed bill was constitutional, as the Foraker Puerto Rican bill was constitutional.

Mr. Spooner referred to some recent statements by Wm. J. Bryan in his newspaper in support of the minority in the senate. He pointed out that these very gentlemen who now were criticizing the government were instrumental in placing the problem before congress. He declared that Mr. Bryan had come to Washington and advocated the ratification of the Paris treaty, and he ventured the opinion that if it had not been for Mr. Bryan's efforts the treaty would not have been ratified. A solution of the Philippine question as presented to congress and to the country now was demanded not by any political party, but by the people of the country. He claimed the right of the majority to deal with the question as it saw fit, as by the people it had been placed in responsibility and was held to accountability by the American people.

Mr. Spooner discussed at length the ratification of the treaty of Paris. In the course of his statement he was interrupted by Mr. Wellington, who said: "I would give 10 years of my life to recall the vote I cast for that treaty."

He declared that the promises made to him at that time "by the administration" with respect to the treaty were broken.

Mr. Spooner sharply arraigned the Democratic party for the encouragement which its utterance had given the rebellion in the Philippines and declared that the motive which actuated the Democratic leaders was "blind greed for political power, which made them forget for the nonce the army at the front."

Mr. Spooner denounced the substitute proposition made by the minority of the senate committee on the Philippine as the "most mischievous project that could be devised by the wit of man in the present status of affairs."

"It is," he exclaimed, "a bill to raise hell in the Philippine archipelago—a bill which has no merit whatever in it."

Mr. Tillman addressed the senate in opposition to the pending bill. He declared that the expression of the motives for enacting the bill were a subterfuge and a humbug and everybody knew it. He asserted that this government in its treatment of the Filipinos had returned to the policy of Great Britain which had been overthrown by our forefathers at Yorktown. It was, he said, a damnable doctrine, yet we called ourselves liberty-loving Americans and declared our pride in our ancestry.

He charged that the American authorities in the Philippines were "steering clear" of the provinces in the islands where war was real and pressing and were confining themselves to those places where opportunity was afforded to secure "pelf" and to rob the people. They were following, he declared, the same methods pursued in South Carolina after the war between the States. It was a carpetbag government, he insisted.

"The first thing," said he, "which the carpetbag vermin in the Philippines would do (as they did in Cuba) would be to get their hands into the pockets of the people and steal all they could. I expect Gov. Taft has already caught some of the scoundrels but that would not be a good thing to ventilate in the United States just now."

He said the Filipinos now were being "pacified off the face of the earth."

Mr. Tillman had not concluded when the senate adjourned.

"I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a number of years and have no hesitancy in saying that it is the best remedy for coughs, colds and croup I have ever used in my family. I have no words to express my confidence in this remedy.—Mrs J. A. Moore, North Star, Mich. For sale by Dr. A. J. China.

The State B. Y. P. U. Convention will meet in Gaffney on April 3rd to 6th. Three hundred delegates will be in attendance.

Mr. Wheeler Got Rid of His Rheumatism.

"During the winter of 1898 I was so lame in my joints, in fact all over my body, that I could hardly hobble around, when I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. From the first application I began to get well, and was cured and have worked steadily all the year.—R. Wheeler, Northwood, N. Y.—For sale by Dr. A. J. China.

Young Man Drowned.

Mr. Rude Hungerpiller, a young man living near Elloree, was drowned in the Santee on Feb. 14, 1902, and his companion, Mr. Wm. Felkel, had a narrow escape from a watery grave.

The men were in their boat, and when at the mouth of Poplar Lake their boat was accidentally capsized and both were thrown into the water. The boat sank and the men swam to a tree which they climbed. The water being cold and failing to attract any one by calling for assistance, the men decided to risk swimming to the shore. They had proceeded only a short distance when young Hungerpiller gave out and sank beneath the water. Mr. Felkel after a desperate struggle in the cold water reached the shore.

At last accounts the body of the unfortunate young man had not been recovered—Orangeburg Patriot.

Heavy Increase in Insurance Rates.

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 21.—The Southern Tariff association today decided that a 25 per cent. increase in insurance rates be made on all stocks of merchandise without exception, and on frame store buildings, also on all manufacturing risks and other special hazards which has not been rated under revised schedules within a year. This action went into effect today and was caused by the extraordinary fire losses which they have been called upon to bear during the last three years and especially since the beginning of the present year.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Let well enough alone—unless you are a physician.

As a pin is bent, so is it inclined to carry its point.

Undertakers lose out when the dead past buries its dead.

Woman is a good listener when she can't think of anything to say.

One woman may envy the beauty of another, but her intelligence—never.

Children of poor parents are born lucky, they have no inheritance to lose.

With the exception of lovemaking, there are many new ways of doing old things.

Some people think things they don't say, and others say things they don't think.

If a girl has freckles it's a sign she has a good memory; she simply can't forget them.

Some folks are saddest when they sing; and others are saddest when they are not asked to sing.

Only a man who has nothing to live for can afford to sit down and wait for the happening of the unexpected.

The would-be humorist rubs it in on the motor-in-law occasionally, but realizing which side of his butter the bread is on, lets the father-in-law religiously alone.—Chicago News.

Horticultural Exhibit at Charleston.

The Exposition management is making extensive preparations for the holding of an elaborate horticultural exhibit at the Exposition, and are inviting the participation of all the great producers of the country. As an inducement to them, there will be no charge made for space, within the buildings or in the grounds, and in all probability there will be handsome premiums for the best exhibits. This will be an excellent opportunity for the nurseries, gardeners and specialists to exploit their products before the people, under very advantageous circumstances.

While David McKay, Walt Whitman's publisher, had in press a new edition of "Leaves of Grass" he made frequent trips to the Whitman cottage. On one of his business trips to the bard's home, Whitman, imagining, perhaps, that his young visitor was morbidly sensitive as to his baldness, sought to console him, and in his paternal way, reverently placing his broad palm on the bare crown said: "Young man, never be ashamed of that, it is America's trademark."

Washington, February 20.—Representative Richardson, of Alabama, introduced a bill today for the construction of a canal connecting the Mississippi River with the St. Mary's River in Georgia, by way of the land locked waters of the coast of Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama and Florida, and a canal from St. George's Sound, Florida, to St. Mary's River, Georgia.

Monterey, Mex., Feb. 20.—The officers along the border are watching for Frank McCarthy, a Wells-Fargo messenger, who is alleged to have robbed his car at San Luis Potosi, Mex. The story of the disappearance of McCarthy as told the officers is that he jumped from his car just as the train was leaving San Luis Potosi, and it is claimed took with him between \$55,000 and \$40,000. He is thought to have boarded a freight train moving just behind the one he had left and to have come north to Monterey. McCarthy soon learned, it is said, that he was being watched and before the officers arrived he left for Sonora in which section he is now believed to be.

When you lack energy, do not relish your food, feel dull and stupid, after eating, all you need is a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They will make you feel like a new man and give you an appetite like a bear. For sale by Dr. A. J. China.

Washington, Feb. 21.—Justice Gary of the supreme court of the United States, who is suffering from a stroke of paralysis, is better today than he has been since the stroke occurred but is still very seriously indisposed. He rested well last night.

Favorite Nearly Everywhere.

Constipation means dullness, depression, headache, generally disordered health. DeWitt's Little Early Risers stimulate the liver, open the bowels and relieve this condition. Safe, speedy and thorough. They never gripe. Favorite pills. J. S. HUGHSON & Co.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM SUMTER

The following is the scheduled leaving time of all trains carrying passengers from this city, including local freights:

A. C. L.
No. 35—Orangeburg, Augusta and Atlanta, 4.33 a. m.
No. 32—Florence and Northern points, 6.19 p. m.
No. 9—Local freight, Sumter to Robbins, 6.30 a. m.
No. 12—Local freight, Sumter to Florence, 3.10 p. m.
No. 54—Sumter to Florence, 8.20 a. m.
No. 55—Sumter to Columbia, 9.15 p. m.
No. 56—Darlington, Bennettsville, Gibson and Bishopville, 6.50 p. m.
No. 24—Local freight, Bishopville, Darlington and Hartsville, 10 a. m.
No. 59—Sumter to Charleston, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 8.25 a. m.
No. 52—Sumter to Columbia 9.25 a. m.
No. 53—Sumter to Charleston, 6.13 p. m.
No. 35 makes connection at Creston for Entwistle and other points on Pregel Branch.

NORTHWESTERN R. R.

No. 73—Mixed train—Sumter to Wilson's Mill, 3 p. m.
No. 71—Sumter to Camden 9.45 a. m.
No. 69—Mixed—Sumter to Camden, 6.25 p. m.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

No. 80—Sumter to Charleston, and Columbia, 6.40 a. m.
No. 82—Sumter to Camden, 10.20 a. m.
No. 84—Sumter to Camden, 3.30 p. m.

John McMakin, Clemson's famous pitcher, has received an offer from the Brooklyn League team to pitch for them during the coming season. He has accepted the offer and will close a contract with them.

A NEW BUILDING & LOAN ASSOCIATION

In view of the fact that the Citizens Building and Loan Association will in the course of a few months wind up affairs, a New Building and Loan Association is being organized. This Association will be conducted upon the same general plan as the "Citizens" and the "Equitable," that is, each stockholder will be required to borrow the money in his turn, provided same cannot be sold in the usual way. An association of one thousand shares, conducted on this plan will pay its stockholders \$150.00 on each share in 100 months; that is, each stockholder for \$100.00 paid in will receive \$150.00 in 100 months; this will represent 50 per cent on \$100.00 for 100 months the entire time, or 12 per cent for 50 months the average time.

Books of subscription are open at the office of H. F. Wilson, and also at the office of L. D. Jennings, Esq.

Anyone desiring to subscribe stock in the new Association can call at either place and do so.

Each share represents \$200 payable \$1.00 per month.

H. FRANK WILSON.

Feb. 11—2tw—1m (W. 1 m)

SOUTHERN RY. SCHEDULE.

Trains leave Sumter, S. C. for Kingville, etc. daily except Sunday, No. 80, 6.40 a. m.; No. 82, 10.20 a. m.; No. 84, 3.30 p. m.

Trains arrive Sumter from Kingville, etc. daily except Sunday, No. 81, 9.10 a. m.; No. 83, 11.45 a. m.; No. 85, 5.00 p. m.

Close connection at Kingville for Columbia and Charleston and intermediate points, trains carrying through sleepers Kingville to New York, via Columbia, Charlotte, etc. Kingville to St. Louis, via Asheville, Knoxville and Louisville.

TO THE BOOKKEEPER:

Do you want a flat-opening, patent, flexible-back

Ledger, Journal or Day Book?

We can supply your needs in these particulars,

And also all other needs in the way of Blank Books, Office Supplies and Stationery.

We buy direct from the manufacturers; our prices are right and quality guaranteed.

H. G. OSTEN & CO.

Liberty St.

Atlantic Coast Line Railroad

Company of South Carolina.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE

Effective January 12th, 1902.

SOUTH

NO. 54

NO. 55

NO. 56

NO. 57

NO. 58

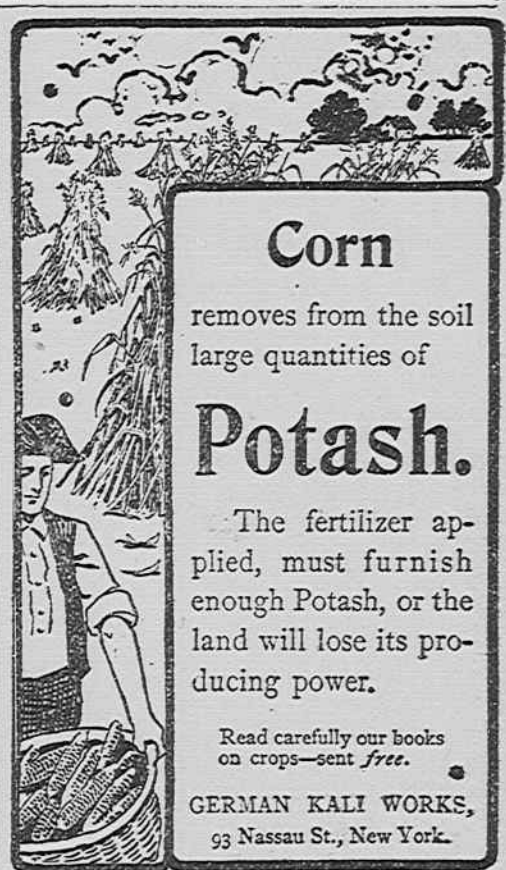
NO. 59

NO. 60

NO. 61

NO. 62

NO. 63



Corn
removes from the soil large quantities of

Potash.
The fertilizer applied, must furnish enough Potash, or the land will lose its producing power.

Read carefully our books on crops—sent free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

Cabbage Plants !! Cabbage Plants !!

50,000 Cabbage Plants of desirable varieties now ready for putting out.

TOMATO AND OTHER PLANTS IN SEASON.

OTTO GARNHART, SUMTER, S. C.

THE BANK OF SUMTER, SUMTER, S. C.

City and County Depository

Capital stock paid in, \$75,000 00
Undivided surplus, 16,000 00
Individual liability of stockholders in excess of their stock, 75,000 00
Transacts a general banking business; also has a Savings Bank Department. Deposits of \$1 and upward received. Interest allowed at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

W. F. B. HAYNSWORTH, President.
MARION MOISE, Vice-President.
JAN 31.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT.

Wilmington N. C. Nov '24 1901

Fast Line

BETWEEN

Charleston and Columbia and Upper South Carolina,